## Canadian Marginalization Index (CAN-Marg) 1996 and 1991 Development<sup>1</sup> Summary Documentation

## Objective

Creation of 1991 & 1996 CAN-MARG by replicating the 2001 & 2006 CAN-MARG methodology

	2001 & 2006	1991 & 1996
Data source	Census profile data (DA and CT) includes	Microdata
	random rounding and suppression rules	
	Except custom tabulation for % Social Income	
Geography	DA, CT	EA, CT
Factors	44 initially examined and 18 factors loaded	Only 18 factors that were
		included in 2001&2006 CAN-
		MARG were examined
Factor	Promax (power=3), rotated factor pattern	Promax (power=3), rotated
Analysis	(standardized regression coefficient)	factor pattern (standardized
		regression coefficient)

## Summary of methods by census cycle

# Validation of input measures (2006 Census)

Definitions for the 18 factors were reviewed and replicated the 2006 census (microdata and profile data). During this process, an error was identified in the factor *% below LICO* as it errantly included DAs in the three territories and on Indian Reserves. The low income cut-off concept does not apply to these areas. By including them, all individuals in these DAs were considered to be living <u>above</u> the LICO, which is incorrect. For consistency purposes, this error was <u>not corrected</u> for the 2006 re-runs. However, the exclusions were applied to the 1991 and 1996 measures (i.e., individuals in the Yukon, Northwest Territories and on Indian Reserves were assigned missing on N12) which resulted in a lower proportion of EAs being used in the 1991 and 1996 factor analyses compared to DAs in 2006.

## Input measures

There were minor differences in variable definitions between 1991/1996 and 2006, with a couple of exceptions, the first being the additional exclusion applied to N12 mentioned above.

## **Factor Analysis**

Factor analysis were calculated using the exact SAS program that was used to create the 2006 CAN-MARG. The final results are based after "area-level suppression".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> CAN-Marg 1991 and 1996 provided through Statistics Canada Custom Data Product Request (Saeeda Khan, Mike Tjepkema), May 29, 2018